A unilateral tubal twin pregnancy

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A 20-year-old woman, primigravida, with a last menstrual period 8 weeks ago, presented with lower abdominal pain for two days and vaginal bleeding for one day. The gynecological examination found vaginal bleeding, no enlargement in uterine size, and a painful mass 4 centimeters in diameter in the right adnexal region. The serum β -HCG level was 8200 mIU/mL. Transvaginal ultrasonography revealed no gestational sac in the uterine cavity, but there were two gestational sacs in the right fallopian tube (Figures).

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Ectopic pregnancies account for 0.4% to 1.3% of all pregnancies.¹ The presenting symptoms may be a delayed menstrual period and acute abdominal pain. Ectopic pregnancies are most commonly located in the fallopian tubes.² With the development of ultrasonography, tubal ectopic pregnancies can be diagnosed earlier and with the appropriate treatment the patient can be protected from serious complications.³ In this case, an emergency laparotomy was done. The patient went home the second postoperative day.

References

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