Dr. Jones read a paper on the Etiology of Tinnitus Aurium. The paper was so lengthy that its delivery was hurried, and from the mass of details it contained it was found impossible to discuss it. Later, it was published in full in the *British Medical Journal*, and it appears now as the first portion of the book under notice, the remainder being taken up with the consideration of the diagnosis and treatment of tinnitus and the probable prognosis in such cases. In this work we have an attempt at classifying cases of tinnitus aurium by a systematic differentiation of the causes. Such is a necessary preliminary to anything approaching scientific treatment. Whether our knowledge is advanced by this publication or not is questionable, as most of the facts here given are already known to aurists, and there is nothing of a particularly novel character amongst the forms of treatment recommended. It may act as an incentive to more careful enquiry into the cause of this condition, and thus be productive of good. It is clearly written, and as the author himself is a sufferer from tinnitus, his observations regarding causation are of special interest.

Diseases of the Nose and its Accessory Cavities. By W. SPENCER WATSON, F.R.C.S. Eng., B.M. London; Surgeon to the Throat Department of the Great Northern Hospital, &c. Second edition. London: H. K. Lewis. 1890.

THIS work, first published fifteen years ago, is well known to surgeons, and especially to those dealing with injuries and diseases of the nose, as it was perhaps the first, and for many years, the only work devoted to this special branch of surgery.

During the years which have elapsed since the appearance of the first edition, intra-nasal surgery has made great strides, and the works dealing exclusively with this specialty are now numerous and ever on the increase. This second edition is brought well up to date, which, considering the revolution in the department of treatment, consequent on the introduction of cocaine, necessitated the re-writing of a great part of the book. Special sections on Post-nasal Catarrh, on Hypertrophic Rhinitis, on Adenoid Vegetation in the Naso-pharynx, and on the Relation between Nasal and Aural Diseases have been added, thus adding to the completeness of the volume, besides representing the present state of our knowledge in this department.

It is replete with accurate information, and has numerous

well chosen illustrative cases from the practice of the author and others, which give point to the conditions under consideration.

A Manual of Diseases of the Nose and Throat, including the Nose, Naso-pharynx, Pharynx, and Larynx. By P. S. HUTCHINSON, M.R.C.S., Assistant Surgeon to the Hospital for Diseases of the Throat. London: H. K. Lewis. 1891.

HANDBOOKS published as introductory guides to the study of particular departments in medicine and surgery are more frequently written and issued with a view of introducing the author (usually compiler) as a specialist to the notice of the profession at large. This manual, the A B C of diseases of the nose and throat, *may* supply a long felt want. But in recent times, works on general surgery, thanks to the collaboration in authorship now largely taken advantage of in medical works, contain all the information here given; and, as it is contained in a work which all practitioners possess, it is to be preferred in that form to a volume like the one under consideration. This book was intended for those "who are taking up the post-graduate study of this special branch of medicine." If it is necessary that the post-graduate carry the volume in his pocket, this, from its size, is all that could be desired, but it is to be hoped that no graduate will rest satisfied with the information contained in this manual.

Notes on the Examination of the Sputum, Vomit, Fæces, and Urine. By SIDNEY COUPLAND, M.D., F.R.C.P. London: H. K. Lewis. 1891.

THIS is a very handy little manual for the use of senior students and clinical clerks in the medical wards. The work lays no claim to any originality, either in subject matter or in the form in which it is presented, but all the same it will prove very useful. To the junior student the book would be apt to be confusing; but after he has got up his elements he will find it very helpful in his work. The subject matter is arranged in the form in which many medical tutors prepare notes for use in class demonstrations; and in looking through its pages we were very strongly reminded of the plan we used to adopt in arranging our own demonstrations on the subjects dealt with. Dr. Coupland has written a very useful little book.