Corrigendum

The location of splenic NKT cells favours their rapid activation by blood-borne antigen

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Since the publication of this paper, it has been brought to the authors' attention that the flow-cytometry profiles in one figure panel (Figure 3A) were incorrectly presented and the correct figure is shown here. However, the conclusions drawn from this figure and from the paper remain unchanged.

The authors apologize for any inconvenience caused.

Figure 3 NKT cell activation in response to lipid antigen (**A**) Intracellular IFN- γ (top) and IL-4 (bottom) staining for splenic NKT cells (TCR- β^+ α GalCer-CD1d tetramer $^+$ B220 $^-$) 2 h after injection of particulate control lipids (left), GalA-GSL (middle) or α GalCer (right). (**B–D**) Confocal microscopy identification of endogenous NKT cells 2 h after antigen injection. (**B**) Spleen sections were stained with B220 (cyan), CD169 (green), TCR- β (red) and NK1.1 (blue). Bars, 200 μ m. (**C, D**) Percentages (**C**) and proportion of cells per area (**D**) for NKT cells in the RP, MZ, B cell follicles (B) and PALS (T). Data represent 2 independent experiments. *P*, unpaired two-tailed *t*-test.