An endocytic pathway as a target of *tubby* for regulation of fat storage

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There is a typographical error in Figure 5 of the above article (this issue): rab-5 was incorrectly printed as rad-5. The correct figure and legend are given here.

Fig 5 | Mechanism of action of the *tub-1* pathway. TUB-1, expressed exclusively in the neurons, regulates RBG-3, a Rab GAP. RBG-3 promotes the GTPase hydrolysis of RAB-7, an important effector of endocytosis. Together, this pathway might regulate the degradation of sensory molecules or receptors in the neurons. Neuroendocrine signals generated in the neurons then regulate fat storage in the intestine. RAB-5 is also an important regulator of endocytosis and fat storage, but is regulated by a mechanism independent of the TUB-1 pathway. Rab GAP, Rab GTPase-activating protein.

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