S4 Fig. Boxplots showing distributions of distance between consecutive GPS points by month. Elephants exhibited greatest movement speeds during the short-wet season (Oct-Nov; mean = 448 m, range = 0-7.3 km). Elephants had the second longest hourly movements during the short-dry season of December-January (mean = 429 m, range: 0-8.0 km), followed by the long-wet season of February-April (mean = 350 m, range = 0-16.8 km), and the long-dry season (mean = 313 m, range = 0-8.1 km). The y-axis was limited to 1000 m to better illustrate the boxplots, rather than the outliers.